



Technische Information  
TI 366F/00/en  
(replaces TI 246F/00/en)

# Ultrasonic Level Measurement

## *prosonic T*

### *FMU 230/231*

**Compact transmitters for non-contact level measurement of fluids and coarse bulk materials**



#### **Application**

The compact transmitters Prosonic T are used for continuous, non-contact level measurement in fluids and coarse bulk materials.

The maximum measuring range is

- FMU 230:
  - 4m in fluids
  - 2m in bulk materials
- FMU 231:
  - 7m in fluids
  - 3,5m in bulk materials

#### **Features and Benefits**

- Non-contact measurement method, therefore almost independent of product properties
- Integrated temperature sensor for time-of-flight correction. Accurate measurements, even for temperature changes
- Linearisation function for measured value output in any units
- with optional display

# Endress + Hauser

The Power of Know How

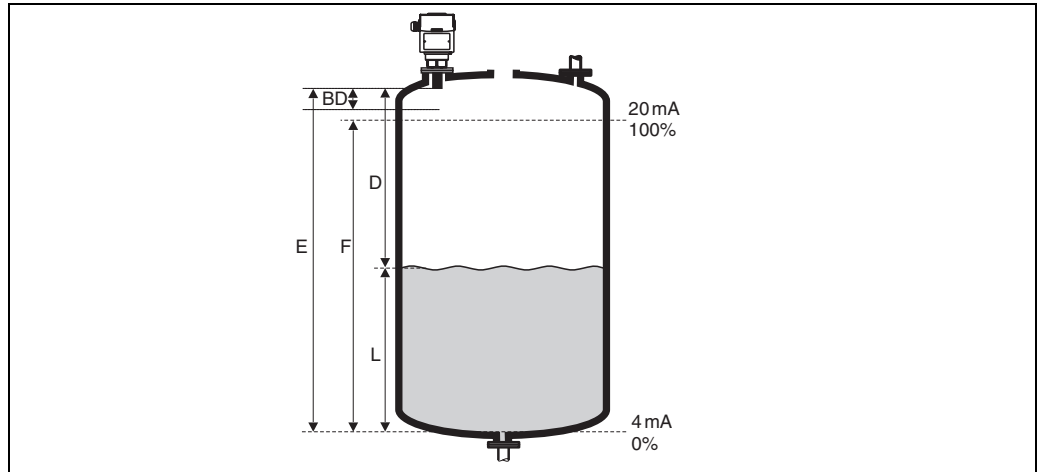


## Table of Contents

<b>Function and system design</b> .....	<b>3</b>	<b>Human interface</b> .....	<b>10</b>
Time-of-flight method .....	3	Operating elements .....	10
Signal evaluation .....	3	LED .....	10
Calibration .....	3	Display module	
Linearisation .....	3	(optional) .....	10
<b>Input</b> .....	<b>4</b>	<b>Certificates and Approvals</b> .....	<b>10</b>
Measured variable .....	4	CE mark .....	10
Measuring range .....	4	External standards and guidelines .....	10
Operating frequency .....	5	<b>Ordering information</b> .....	<b>11</b>
<b>Output</b> .....	<b>5</b>	Product structure .....	11
Output signal .....	5	Scope of delivery .....	11
Signal on alarm .....	5	<b>Accessories</b> .....	<b>11</b>
Output damping .....	5	Protective cover .....	11
Load .....	6	Adapter flange .....	12
<b>Auxiliary energy</b> .....	<b>6</b>	Mounting bracket .....	12
Electrical connection .....	6	Cantilever .....	13
Supply voltage .....	6	Mounting bracket for cantilever .....	14
Power consumption .....	6	Wall bracket for cantilever .....	14
Cable entry .....	6	<b>Supplementary documentation</b> .....	<b>15</b>
<b>Performance characteristics</b> .....	<b>6</b>	System-Information .....	15
Reference operating conditions .....	6	Operating manual .....	15
Measured value resolution .....	6		
Measuring error .....	6		
Pulse frequency .....	6		
Reaction time .....	6		
<b>Installation conditions</b> .....	<b>7</b>		
Installation variants .....	7		
Blocking distance, nozzle mounting .....	7		
Installation position .....	8		
<b>Ambient conditions</b> .....	<b>8</b>		
Ambient temperature .....	8		
Storage temperature .....	8		
Climate class .....	8		
Ingress protection .....	8		
Vibration resistance .....	8		
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) .....	8		
<b>Process conditions</b> .....	<b>9</b>		
Process temperature .....	9		
Process pressure .....	9		
<b>Mechanical construction</b> .....	<b>9</b>		
Design / Dimensions .....	9		
Weight .....	9		
Housing material .....	9		
Process connection .....	9		

## Function and system design

### Time-of-flight method



**E:** Empty distance; **F:** Span (full distance); **D:** Distance from sensor membrane - product surface; **L:** Level; **BD:** Blocking distance

The sensor of the Prosonic T transmits ultrasonic pulses in the direction of the product surface. There, they are reflected back and received by the sensor. The Prosonic T measures the time  $t$  between pulse transmission and reception. The instrument uses the time  $t$  (and the velocity of sound  $c$ ) to calculate the distance  $D$  between the sensor membrane and the product surface:

$$D = c \cdot t/2$$

As the device knows the empty distance  $E$  from a user entry, it can calculate the level as follows:

$$L = E - D$$

An integrated temperature sensor compensates for changes in the velocity of sound caused by temperature changes.

### Signal evaluation

- Automatic suppression of up to 3 interference echoes (fixed target echoes)
- First echo detection

### Calibration

Calibration is performed by entering the empty distance  $E$  (=zero) and the full distance  $F$  (= span).

$E$  and  $F$  correspond to

- 4 mA or 20 mA respectively for the current output
- 0% or 100% respectively for the local display

Span  $F$  may not extend into the blocking distance  $BD$ . Level echos from the blocking distance cannot be evaluated due to the transient characteristics of the sensor.

For the version with on-site display,  $E$  and  $F$  can be entered directly as numbers. For the version without display, calibration can be performed for example by filling the vessel to the  $E$  and  $F$  point consecutively.

### Linearisation

The linearisation function of the Prosonic T allows conversion of the measured value into any unit of length or volume. A linearisation table consisting of up to 11 value pairs can be entered manually or semi-automatically (by filling the vessel under controlled conditions).

## Input

### Measured variable

The distance D between the sensor membrane and the product surface is measured .

Using the linearisation function, the device uses D to calculate:

- level L in any units
- volume V in any units

### Measuring range

#### Upper limit: blocking distance

Instrument	blocking distance (BD)
FMU 230	0,25 m
FMU 231	0,4 m

The upper limit of the measuring distance is given by the blocking distance (page 2). Level echos within the blocking distance cannot be evaluated due to the transient characteristics of the sensor.

#### Lower limit: Range of the sensor

The measuring range is limited by the range of a sensor. The sensor range is, in turn, dependent on the operating conditions. To estimate the actual range, proceed as follows (see also the calculation example in the diagram):

1. Determine which of the influences shown in the following table are appropriate for your process.
2. Add the corresponding attenuation values.
3. From the total attenuation, use the diagram to calculate the range.

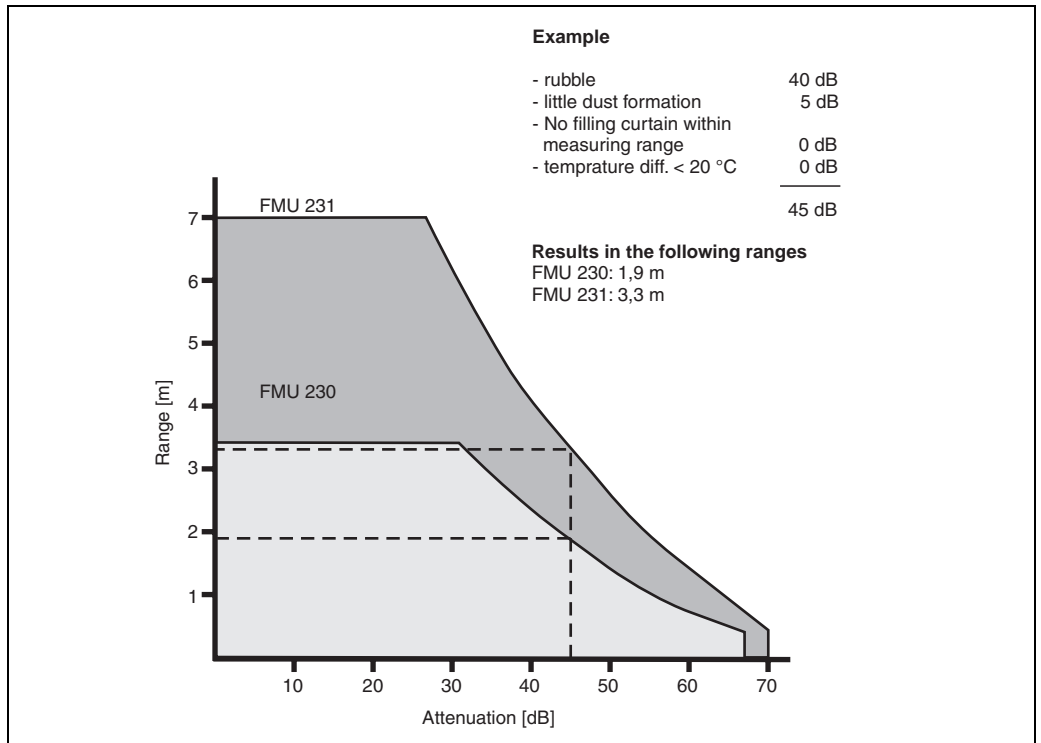
Fluid surface	Attenuation
Calm	0 dB
Waves	5 ... 10 dB
Strong turbulence	10 ... 20 dB
Foaming	Ask E+H

Bulk material surface	Attenuation
Hard, rough (e.g. rubble)	40 dB
Soft (e.g. peat, dust-covered clinker)	40 ... 60 dB

Dust	Attenuation
No dust formation	0 dB
Little dust formation	5 dB
Heavy dust formation	5 ... 20 dB

Filling curtain in detection range	Attenuation
None	0 dB
Small quantities	5 ... 10 dB
Large quantities	10 ... 40 dB

Temperature difference between sensor and product surface	Attenuation
to 20 °C	0 dB
to 40 °C	5 ... 10 dB
to 80 °C	10 ... 20 dB



**Operating frequency**

Instrument	Operating frequency
FMU 230	approx. 70 kHz
FMU 231	approx. 50 kHz

**Output**

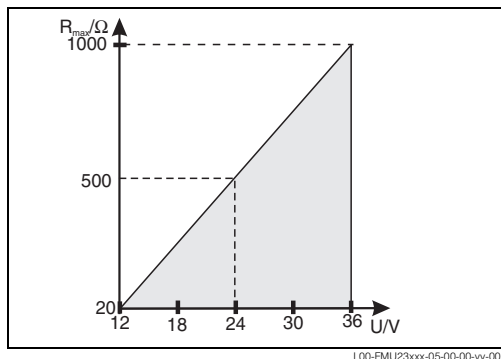
**Output signal** 4 ... 20mA analog signal

**Signal on alarm** configurable:

- 3,8 mA
- 22 mA
- hold last value

**Output damping** 0 ... 255s

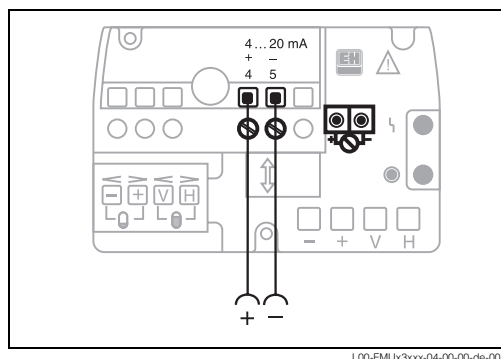
**Load**



The maximum load ( $R_{max}$ ) depends on the supply voltage ( $U$ ).

**Auxiliary energy**

**Electrical connection**



Use screened two-core instrumentation cable. For optimal protection against electromagnetic interference, the screen should be grounded in the control room or the nearest earthing point. A good connection to ground is essential to good screening.

**Supply voltage** 12 ... 36 V<sub>DC</sub>

**Power consumption** < 0,8 W

**Cable entry**

- Cable gland M20x1,5
- Cable entry G 1/2 or 1/2 NPT

cable diameter 5 ... 9mm

**Performance characteristics**

**Reference operating conditions**

The specified performance characteristics are valid under the following reference conditions:

- Temperature = +20 °C
- Pressure = 1013 mbar abs.
- Humidity = 60 %
- Ideal reflective surface (e.g. calm, smooth fluid surface)
- No interference reflections within signal beam

**Measured value resolution** 3 mm

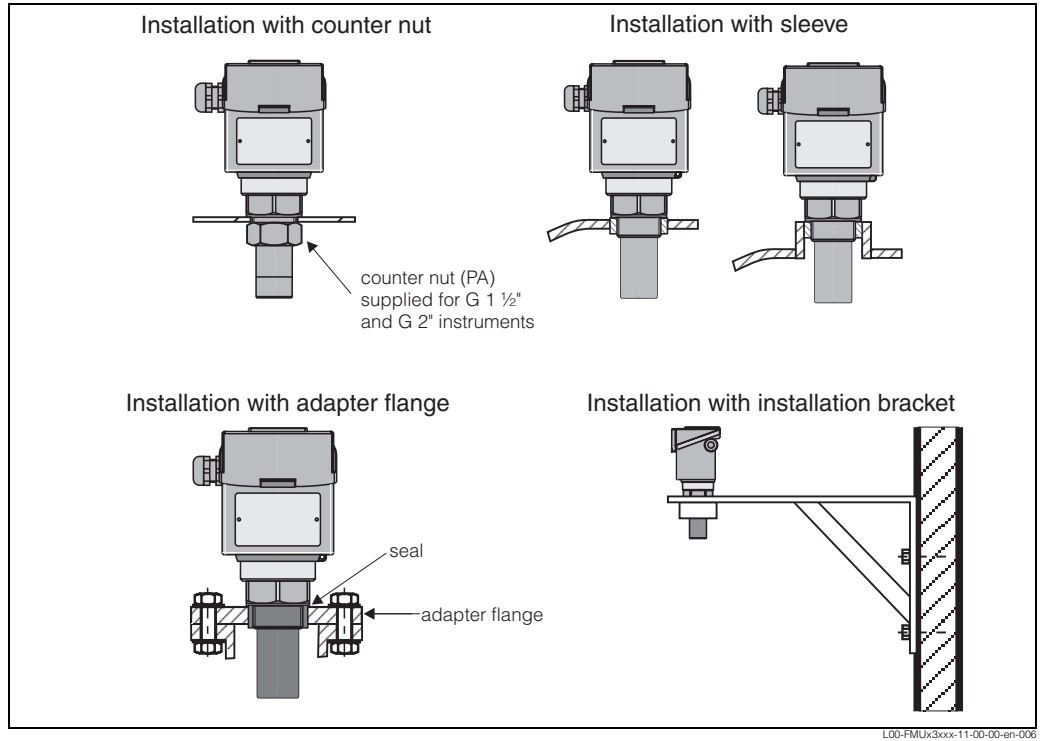
**Measuring error** 0,25% of maximum measuring range (includes linearity, repeatability, and hysteresis)

**Pulse frequency** 0,5 ... 1 Hz

**Reaction time** approx. 5 s

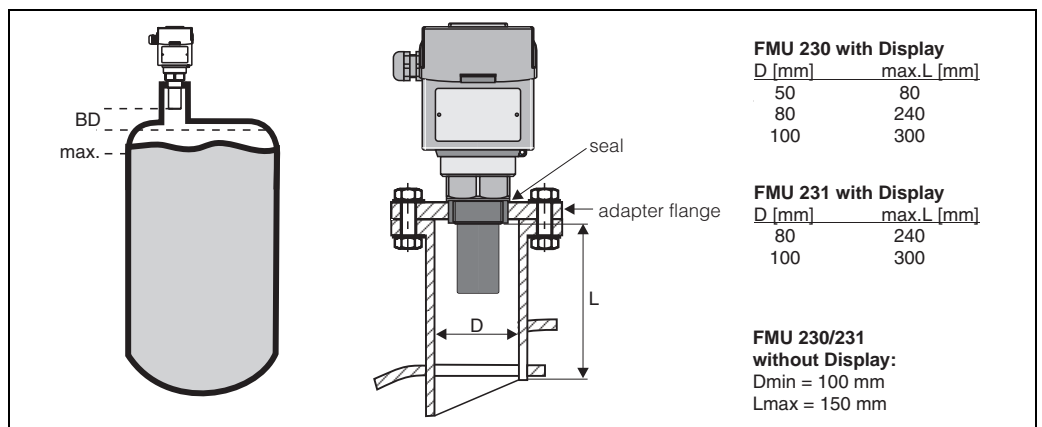
## Installation conditions

### Installation variants



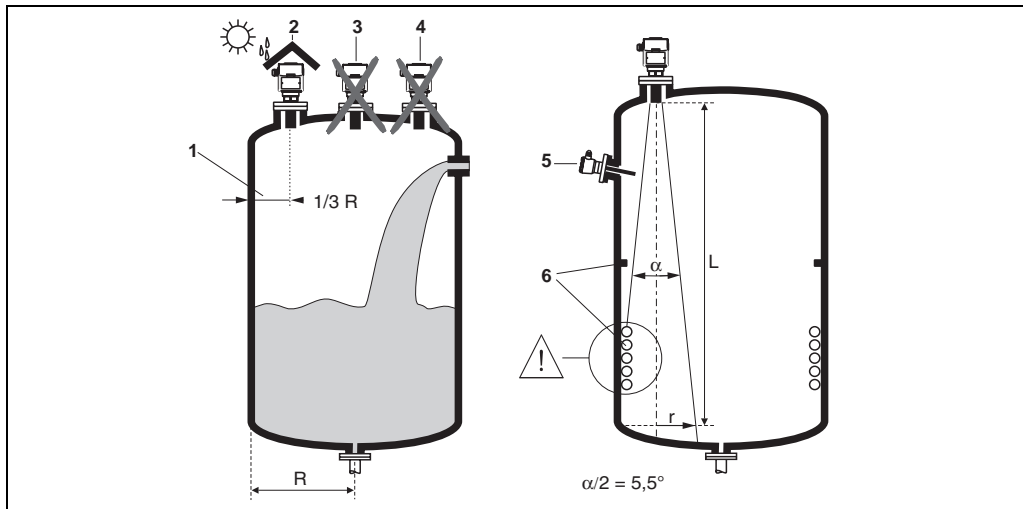
### Blocking distance, nozzle mounting

Level echos from the blocking distance (BD) cannot be evaluated due to the transient characteristics of the sensor. Install the Prosonic T at a height so that the blocking distance BD is not undershot, even at maximum fill level. Use a pipe nozzle if you cannot maintain the blocking distance in any other way. The interior of the nozzle must be smooth and may not contain any edges or welded joints. In particular, there should be no burr on the inside of the tank side nozzle end. Note the specified limits for nozzle diameter and length.



**Caution!**  
 If the blocking distance is undershot, it may cause device malfunction.

**Installation position**



- Do not install the sensor in the middle of the tank (3). We recommend leaving a distance between the sensor and the tank wall (1) measuring 1/3 of the tank radius.
- Use a protective cover, in order to protect the device from direct sun or rain (2).
- Avoid measurements through the filling curtain (4).
- Make sure that equipment (5) such as limit switches, temperature sensors, etc. are not located within the emitting angle  $\alpha$ . In particular, symmetrical equipment (6) such as heating coils, baffles etc. can influence measurement.
- Align the sensor so that it is vertical to the product surface.
- Never install two identical ultrasonic measuring devices in a tank.
- To estimate the transmitted echo beam and its detection range, use the 3 dB emitting angle  $\alpha$ :

Sensor	$\alpha$	L	r
FMU 230	11°	4 m	0,38 m
FMU 231	11°	7 m	0,67 m

**Ambient conditions**

**Ambient temperature** -20 °C ... +60 °C

**Storage temperature** -40°C ... +80°C

**Climate class** DIN/IEC 68 T2-30Db

- Ingress protection**
- with closed housing: IP 67, NEMA 6
  - with open housing: IP 20, NEMA 1
  - Sensor: IP 68

**Vibration resistance** DIN IEC 68 T2-6 Tab. 2C (10 ... 55 Hz)

- Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)**
- Interference emission to EN 61326, Equipment class B
  - Interference immunity to EN 61326, Appendix A (Industrial) und NAMUR recommendation NE 21 (EMC)



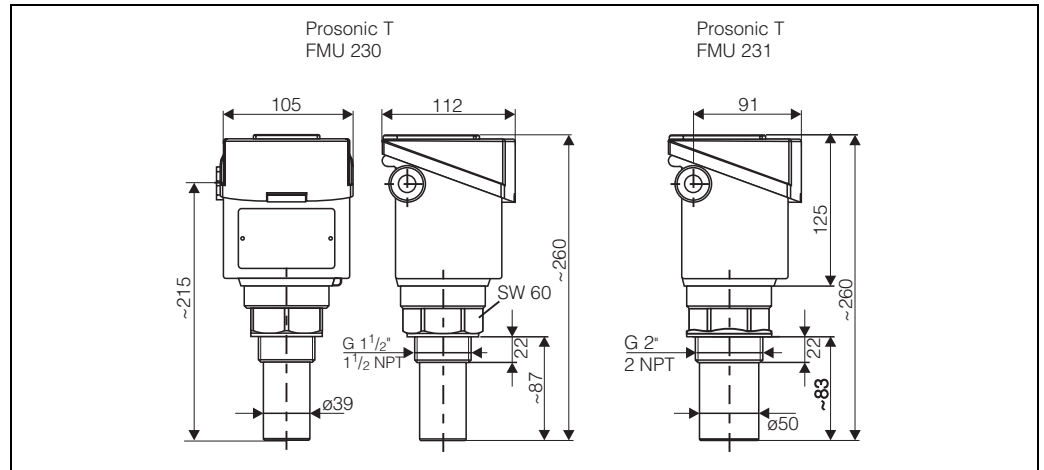
## Process conditions

**Process temperature** -40°C ... +80°C

**Process pressure** 0,7 ... 3 bar abs.

## Mechanical construction

### Design / Dimensions



L00-FMUX3XXX-06-00-00-XX-002

### Weight

Instrument	Weight
FMU 230	approx. 1,5 kg
FMU 231	approx. 1,6 kg

### Housing material

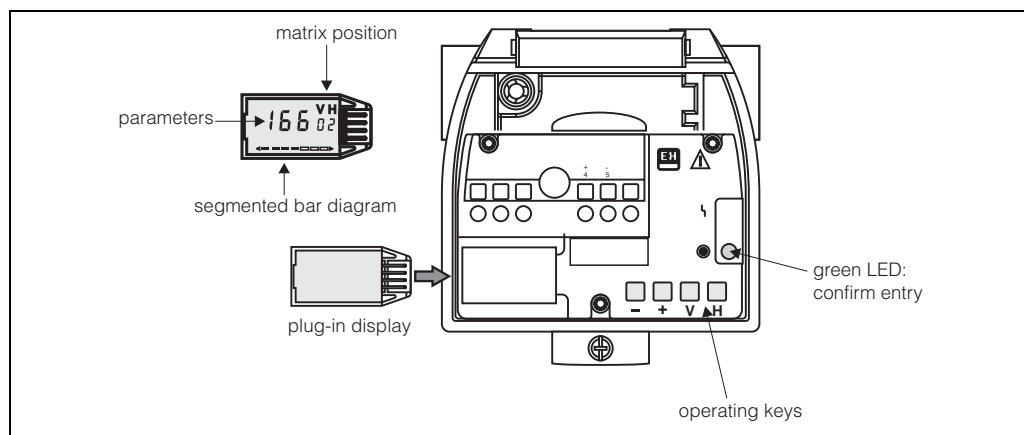
PBT glass reinforced / flame-retended

### Process connection

Instrument	Process connection	seal and sensor material
FMU 230	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>thread G 1 1/2"</li> <li>thread NPT 1 1/2" - 11,5</li> </ul>	PVDF / EPDM
FMU 231	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>thread 2"</li> <li>thread NPT 2" - 11,5</li> </ul>	PVDF / EPDM

## Human interface

### Operating elements



**LED** Pressing of a key is confirmed by a flash of the green LED.

### Display module (optional)

When the display module is used, the Prosonic T is operated via an operating matrix. The current matrix position and the associated parameter (e.g. measured value) are displayed on the module. The bargraph represents the measured value or the echo quality, depending on the matrix position.

The basic functions for simple applications (empty and full calibration, locking and unlocking) are accessible without the display module.

## Certificates and Approvals

**CE mark** The measuring system meets the legal requirements of the EC-guidelines. Endress+Hauser confirms the instrument passing the required tests by attaching the CE-mark.

### External standards and guidelines

#### EN 60529

Protection class of housing (IP-code)

#### EN 61326

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC requirements)

#### NAMUR

Standards committee for measurement and control in the chemical industry

## Ordering information

### Product structure

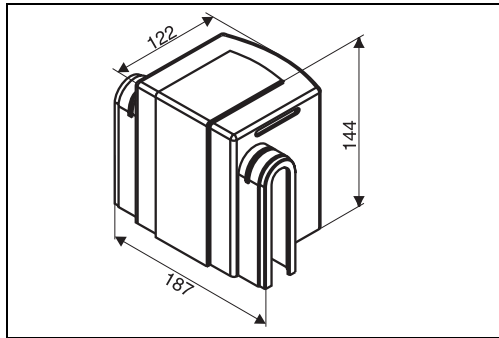
		Version	
	E	Europe / Asia (cylindrical thread „G“)	
	A	America (conical thread „NPT“)	
		Certificate	
	A	Standard	
	N	CSA General Purpose (for Version A only)	
		Communication	
	A	4...20mA, 2-wire	
		Housing/cable entry	
	2	Plastic housing NEMA 6, NPT ½	
	3	Plastic housing IP 67, M 20x1,5 (for Version E only)	
	4	Plastic housing IP 67, G ½ (for Version E only)	
		Display	
	1	without display module	
	2	with display module	
FMU 230 -			product designation
FMU 231 -			product designation

### Scope of delivery

- Instrument in the ordered version
- Operating Instructions
- for versions FMU 230E and FMU 231E: Counter nut (PA)
- EPDM process seal
- for versions M20x1,5: cable gland

## Accessories

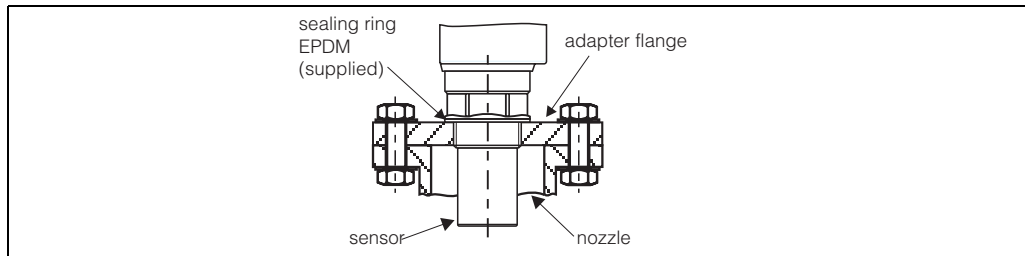
### Protective cover



Order-Code:  
942665-0000

L00-FMUX3XXX-06-00-06-XX-001

**Adapter flange**



L00-FMUX3000-00-00-00-DE-001

**for metrical thread (FAU 70 E)**

Process connection	
12	DN 50 PN 16
14	DN 80 PN 16
15	DN 100 PN 16
Sensor connection	
3	G 1½, ISO 228
4	G 2, ISO 228
Material	
2	1.4435
7	Polypropylene, PPS

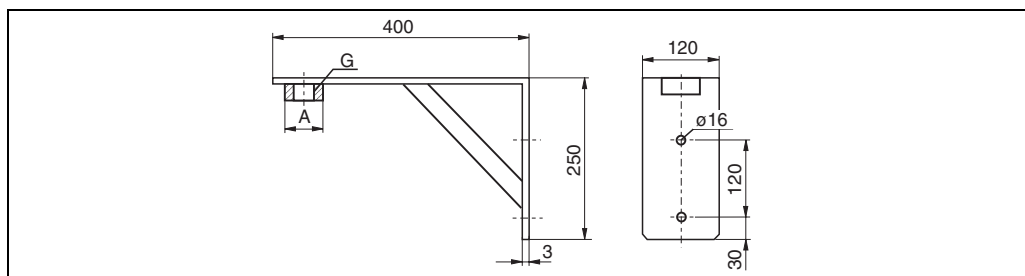
FAU 70 E	Order Code
----------	------------

**for conical thread (FAU 70 A)**

Process connection	
22	ANSI 2" 150 psi
24	ANSI 3" 150 psi
25	ANSI 4" 150 psi
Sensor connection	
5	NPT 1½ - 11,5
6	NPT 2 - 11,5
Material	
2	1.4435
7	Polypropylene, PPS

FAU 70 A	Order Code
----------	------------

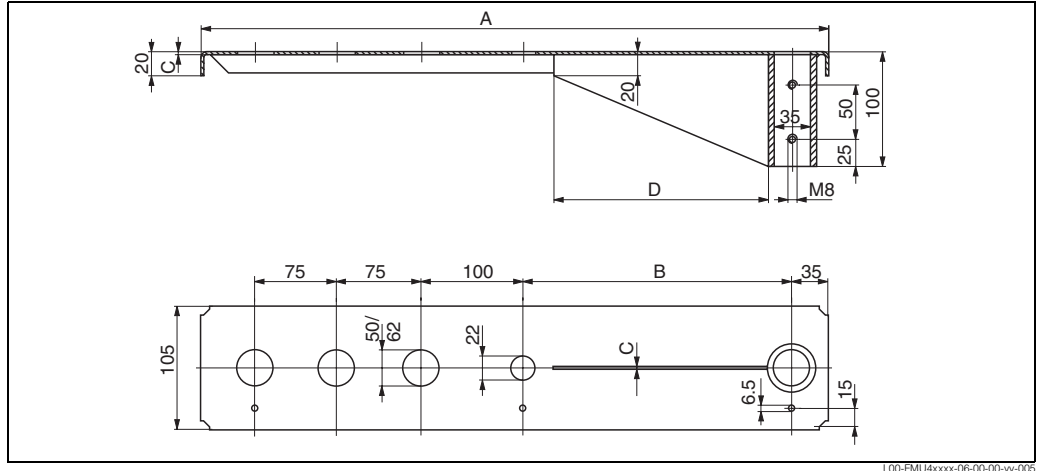
**Mounting bracket**



L00-FMU4x-00-00-00-de-001

- for FMU 230, G1½: Order code: 942669-0000
- for FMU 231, G2: Order code: 942669-0001
- Material: 1.4301
- suited for NPT 1½" und 2" as well

**Cantilever**



A	B	C	D	for Sensor	Material	Order Code
585 mm	250 mm	2 mm	200 mm	FMU 230	1.4301 (AISI 304)	52014132
					galv. steel	52014131
				FMU 231	1.4301 (AISI 304)	52014136
					galv. steel	52014135
1085 mm	750 mm	3 mm	300 mm	FMU 230	1.4301 (AISI 304)	52014134
					galv. steel	52014133
				FMU 231	1.4301 (AISI 304)	52014138
					galv. steel	52014137

The 50 mm or 62 mm orifices serve for the mounting of the FMU 230 or FMU 231 sensor, respectively.



## Supplementary documentation

---

<b>System-Information</b>	<b>SI 005F</b> Ultrasonic level measurement
<b>Operating manual</b>	<b>KA 042F</b>

---

---

---

**Endress+Hauser GmbH+Co.**

Instruments International  
P.O. Box 2222  
D-79574 Weil am Rhein  
Germany

Tel. (07621) 975-02  
Tx 773926  
Fax (07621) 975 345  
e-mail: [info@ii.endress.com](mailto:info@ii.endress.com)

**Internet:**

<http://www.endress.com>

**Endress + Hauser**

The Power of Know How

